INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

Submersible Pump Protector MODEL SPP-235P





DANGER!

HAZARDOUS VOLTAGES MAY BE PRESENT DURING INSTALLATION. Electrical shock can cause death or serious injury. Installation should be done by qualified personnel following all national, state and local electrical codes.

BE SURE POWER IS DISCONNECTED PRIOR TO INSTALLATION! FOLLOW NATIONAL, STATE AND LOCAL CODES. READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS ENTIRELY BEFORE INSTALLATION.

The SPP-235P Single-phase Submersible Pump Protector is a pump monitor designed to protect single-phase pumps from dry-well, dead-head, rapid-cycle, jammed impeller, and over/under voltage conditions. The Submersible Pump Protector SPP-235P protects 5 to 15 HP, 230VAC pumps. Typical applications include submersible pumps, centrifugal pumps, cooling pumps, environmental pumps, residential water wells, commercial water wells, irrigation wells, and golf course or other sprinkler equipment.

CONNECTIONS

NOTE: Use with UL/CSA listed overload or impedance protected pumps or motors only.

- Mount the Submersible Pump Protector Model SPP-235P in a convenient location in or near the pump control box. If the location is wet or dusty, a NEMA 3R, 4, or 12 enclosure should be used. The Submersible Pump Protector must be protected by a fuse or circuit breaker.
- 2. Connect a current transformer (CT) to the SPP's terminals marked CT1 and CT2. (see Table 1 for proper CT sizing).
- 3. Connect the SPP's terminals marked 'L1', 'L2 IN' and 'L2 OUT'.
- 4. Refer to the appropriate wiring diagram for your specific application.
 - Typical wiring diagram Figure 1
 - Standard 3-wire control box Figure 2
 - Deluxe control box Figure 3

NOTE: One line from the fused disconnect must pass through the current transformer.

NOTE: The Submersible Pump Protector will not function without an external current transformer. A UL Listed current transformer must be selected based on Table 1.

NOTE: The Submersible Pump Protector may not detect a dead-head (blocked pipe) condition on applications where the pump is undersized for a given motor or flow restrictors are used on high stage pumps or low yield wells.

*** WARNING ***

PROPER OPERATION REQUIRES FIELD CALIBRATION

Size	Current	СТ
5-7 ½ HP	27.5 – 42.1	50:5
10 HP	51	75:5
15 HP	75	100:5

TABLE 1: Current Transformer Selection



FIGURE NO.1: Typical Wiring Diagram



FIGURE NO. 2: Standard Control Box



FIGURE NO. 3: Deluxe Control Box

OPERATION

The Submersible Pump Protector monitors pump load in amps and kilowatts. When the current (amps) exceeds approximately 125% of calibrated current, or power (kW) drops below the adjustable underload trip point, the Submersible Pump Protector—after the trip delay—will turn off the pump. The Submersible Pump Protector will time through the restart delay, and then restart the pump. The calibration is stored in permanent memory—**it does not need to be recalibrated if power is lost.**

CALIBRATION

NOTE: The Submersible Pump Protector should be calibrated during normal pumping conditions.

- 1. Turn the **RESTART DELAY/ CALIBRATION** knob fully counter-clockwise to the **CAL.** position.
- 2. Apply power—the pump will run for approximately 10 seconds then shut off.
- Set the RESTART DELAY/ CALIBRATION knob to the desired restart delay (dry-well recovery time)—the pump will turn on.



NOTE: If the Submersible Pump Protector immediately trips (blinking green) upon completion of the calibration process, the current transformer may be installed incorrectly. Swap the CT1 and CT2 wires on the terminal strip, then repeat the calibration process beginning with Step #1.

CALIBRATING WHILE PUMPING

The Submersible Pump Protector can also be calibrated while the pump is running. Turn the **RESTART DELAY/ CALIBRATION** knob to **CAL.** while pumping. Wait for the pump to turn off (approximately 10 seconds), then adjust the **RESTART DELAY/ CALIBRATION** knob to the desired setting.

SENSITIVITY

The Submersible Pump Protector has an adjustment knob to set the underload trip sensitivity. Setting **SENSITIVITY** to the middle position (straight up) is equivalent to the standard underload trip level. Adjust the **SENSITIVITY** knob to increase/decrease underload sensitivity up to approximately 10% of the standard trip. It may be necessary to increase the sensitivity if the Submersible Pump Protector does not trip on dry-run or dead-head or it is known that the water level in the well is very low relative to the pump's capabilities.

WARNING: Decreasing the SENSITIVITY may compromise the Submersible Pump Protector's ability to detect dry-run and/or dead-head conditions.

RESET MODE / RESTART DELAY

Any restart delay can be by-passed by rotating the **RESTART DELAY/ CALIBRATION** knob to the **RESET** position and back to the desired restart delay setting.

NOTE: The restart delay setting can be changed at any time. The current and subsequent trips will follow the new restart delay setting.

The **RESTART DELAY/ CALIBRATION** knob can be placed in the **RESET** position for manual reset. If the Submersible Pump Protector trips off in this mode due to a voltage or load problem, the **RESTART DELAY/ CALIBRATION** knob must be rotated out of the **RESET** position to restart the pump.

RUN HOURS / FAULT HISTORY

The Submersible Pump Protector records pump run hours and the last 20 faults. These values can be displayed by an Informer (see <u>USING AN INFORMER</u>). Run hours and fault history can be cleared on the Submersible Pump Protector. Read the following instructions fully before performing the procedure.

NOTE: Turn the SENSITIVITY knob <u>completely</u> to the left (counter-clockwise) or <u>completely</u> to the right (clockwise) when directed. The knob must be turned in quick succession.

To Reset Run Hours and Clear Fault History:

- 1. Remove power to the Submersible Pump Protector.
- 2. Set the **RESTART DELAY/ CALIBRATION** knob to **RESET** and the **SENSITIVITY** knob to the middle (12:00) position.
- 3. Apply power to the Submersible Pump Protector-the CAL. LIGHT will turn on.
- 4. Turn the **SENSITIVITY** knob to the **right**—the **CAL. LIGHT** will turn off and the **RUN LIGHT** will turn on.
- 5. Turn the **SENSITIVITY** knob to the **left**—both lights will turn on.
- 6. Turn the **SENSITIVITY** knob to the right.
- 7. After 10 seconds, the **CAL.** and **RUN LIGHTS** will blink twice indicating the run hours and fault history have successfully been cleared.

RAPID CYCLING

Rapid cycling is defined as more than 4 restarts in a 60-second period. The Submersible Pump Protector is capable of detecting a rapid-cycle condition whether a control device, such as a pressure switch, is installed before* or after it. Upon detecting either form of rapid cycling, the Submersible Pump Protector will lock-out, preventing damage to the pump. To reset the Submersible Pump Protector, remove and re-apply power.

RAPID CYCLING (Line-Side / Upstream)

Rapid cycling of the line side of the Submersible Pump Protector may be caused by several naturally occurring conditions which are indistinguishable from true rapid cycling. For this reason, once tripped, the Submersible Pump Protector will wait 30 minutes and restart. If the restart is successful (the pump runs for more than one minute), the rapid cycle counter will reset to zero. If the Submersible Pump Protector encounters rapid cycle 4 times without a successful restart, it will lock-out and require a manual reset. To reset the Submersible Pump Protector, remove and reapply power.

*Protection against rapid cycling of a control device installed **before** the Submersible Pump Protector is disabled by default. Read the following instructions fully before performing the procedure to enable his feature.

NOTE: Turn the SENSITIVITY knob <u>completely</u> to the left (counter-clockwise) or <u>completely</u> to the right (clockwise) when directed. The knob must be turned in quick succession.

To Enable Line-Side/Upstream Rapid-Cycle Protection: (to disable, follow the same procedure)

- 1. Remove power to the Submersible Pump Protector.
- 2. Set the **RESTART DELAY/ CALIBRATION** knob to **RESET** and the **SENSITIVITY** knob to the middle (12:00) position.
- 3. Apply power to the Submersible Pump Protector —the CAL. LIGHT will turn on.
- 4. Turn the SENSITIVITY knob to the right-the CAL. LIGHT will turn off, RUN LIGHT will turn on.
- 5. Turn the **SENSITIVITY** knob to the **left**—both lights will turn on.
- 6. Turn the SENSITIVITY knob right—left—right—left—right.
- 7. After 2 seconds, the CAL. and RUN LIGHTS will blink once indicating line-side rapid-cycle protection has been enabled.

RAPID CYCLING (Load-Side / Downstream)

Load-side rapid cycling of the pump will immediately result in a manual lock-out. The pump will not restart automatically. To reset the Submersible Pump Protector, remove and re-apply power.

Note: Protection against rapid cycling of a control device installed **after** the Submersible Pump Protector is always enabled. Disabling line-side detection will **not** disable load-side detection.

USING AN INFORMER

Submersible Pump Protector products are equipped with an infrared LED that will communicate to a PENTEK Informer—a handheld, battery-operated, diagnostic tool. The Informer—when directed at the Submersible Pump Protector—will display the model number; real-time voltage, current and power; dry-well and overcurrent trip points; calibration voltage; restart delay setting and current restart delay time; pump starts and total run time; last 20 faults; voltage, current, power, and total run time at the time of each fault; highest/lowest voltage and current since calibration; and the CT size if applicable. The Informer can be used on any single-phase Submersible Pump Protector equipped with an infrared LED transmitter. Contact PENTEK for more information at 866-9-PENTEK.

TROUBLESHOOTING

RUN LIGHT	CAL. LIGHT	PROBLEM or FUNCTION	CORRECTIVE ACTION
On Steady	Off	RUN: Pump is running—or ready to run— no problems in operation	None
On Steady	On Steady	CAL: The Submersible Pump Protector is in the calibration process.	None
Off	On Steady	CAL COMPLETE: The Submersible Pump Protector is calibrated; the RESTART DELAY/ CALIBRATION knob was left in the CAL. position. Pump is off.	Pump will restart as soon as the RESTART DELAY/ CALIBRATION knob is rotated out of the CAL. position.
Off	Off	OFF / MANUAL RESTART: The pump is not running. Either the Submersible Pump Protector has tripped on dry-run, dead-head, or overcurrent while the RESTART DELAY/ CALIBRATION knob was in the RESET position or source power is not present.	If knob is in the RESET position, rotate out of RESET — If the CAL. light blinks, check for an overcurrent condition. If the RUN light blinks, look for a dry-run or dead-head condition. If no lights come on, check incoming power for adequate voltage.
Blinking	Off	DRY RUN / DEAD HEAD: The Submersible Pump Protector has shut the pump off due to a dry- run or dead- head condition. The unit is timing through the restart delay and will try to restart.	Check for restricted flow or inadequate supply of liquid.
Off	Blinking	OVERCURRENT: The Submersible Pump Protector has shut the pump off due to an overcurrent condition. The unit is timing through the restart delay and will try to restart if line voltage is at an acceptable level.	Check for low or high voltage or jammed pump impellers. If these conditions do not exist, recalibrate the unit while it is drawing higher current (amps should not exceed SFA).
Blinking alternately with the CAL. LIGHT	Blinking alternately with the RUN LIGHT	VOLTAGE FAULT: The Submersible Pump Protector is preventing the pump from starting due to voltage problems. The voltage is being interrogated and the unit will remain in this mode until the voltage is at an acceptable level.	If the unit remains in this state for more than 5 seconds, check for high or low voltage.
Blinking in unison with the CAL. LIGHT	Blinking in unison with the RUN LIGHT	RAPID CYCLE: The Submersible Pump Protector has shut down on rapid cycling. Power must be removed and reapplied to reset the unit.	Check for a broken bladder in the pressure tank (if used), or check for a defective pressure or float switch.

PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS



SPECIFICATIONS

Functional Specifications	
Adjustments/Settings	
Overcurrent	125% of calibration point
Underload (dry-well)	Adjustable (70-90% of calibrated run power)
Overvoltage	265VAC
Undervoltage	190VAC
Number of restarts allowed in 60	4
second period (rapid-cycling)	
Trip Delay Times	
Overcurrent	5 seconds
Dry-well	4 seconds
Restart Delay Times	
Over/undervoltage	2 seconds
All other faults	Manual, 2-225 minutes
Input Characteristics	
Supply Voltage	230VAC
Load Range	5 to 15hp (external current transformer required)
Frequency	50/60 Hz (note: 50Hz will increase all delay timers by
	20%)
Output Characteristics	
Output Contact Rating-SPST	720VA @ 240VAC
General Characteristics	
Ambient Operating Temperature	-40° to 55°C (-40° to 131°F)
Maximum Input Power	5 W
Wire Gauge	Solid or stranded 10 - 22AWG
Terminal Torque	13 inIbs.
Standards Passed	
Electrostatic Discharge (ESD)	IEC 61000-4-2, Level 2, 4kV contact, 6kV air
Surge Immunity	IEC 61000-4-5, Level 4, 4kV line-to-line and line-to-
	ground
Safety Marks	
ULC Listed	UL508, C22.2 No. 14
Dimensions	2.90" H x 5.26" W x 2.93" D
Weight	14 oz.
Mounting Methods	#8 screws

<u>NOTES</u>

LIMITED WARRANTY

Goods manufactured/sold by Pentek are subject to the following Limited Warranty, which is in lieu of, and excludes all other warranties, guarantees and conditions expressed or implied, unless stated otherwise.

Goods are warranted to be free from defects in workmanship or material for a period of 5 years from the date of manufacture provided such goods have not been subjected to misapplication, misuse, negligence or repairs by unauthorized persons.

This Warranty does not apply to any faulty performance caused by improper voltage supply or improper product selection. Any faulty performance, actual or perceived, caused by improper product selection, incorrect installation, changes in water supply or any factor beyond the manufacturer's control, are not covered by this warranty.

Pentek shall not be liable for any consequential, incidental, or contingent damages whatsoever.

